DIR 小动物活体成像荧光试剂

产品名称: DiR(DilC18(7)1,1'-dioctadecyltetramethylindotricarbocyanine lodide)

分子式/分子量:C63H101IN2=1013.4

最大吸收波长/发射波长: 748/780 nm

推荐滤光片设置: 710 ex/760 em

结构式:

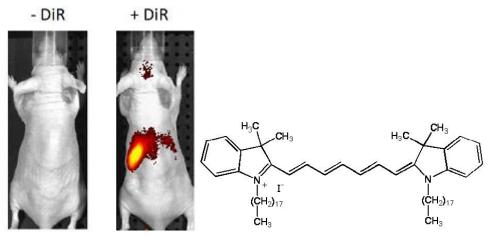


Figure 1. T-cells isolated from the spleen were fluorescently stained with DiR and i.v. injected (5x106 cells/mouse) into a Nu/Nu mouse. Images above taken 24hrs post injection with IVIS Spectrum show cells homing to the spleen.

DiR 染料是亲脂性的近红外花菁荧光染料,可以用来染细胞膜和其它脂溶性生物结构。18 个碳的长链插入细胞膜中从而对细胞进行染色,而细胞间的染料转移可以忽略不计。DiR 的发射的是近红外荧光可以穿透细胞和组织,在活体成像中用来示踪。

DIR 一般对原代细胞进行荧光染色并可进行活体成像分布观察, (例如下列细胞

embryonic stem cells, bone marrow derived stem cells, adipose derived stem cells, lymphocytes

and erythrocytes), . DiR stock was prepared by dissolving 25 mg in

3 mL ethanol. Working solution of 320 µg/mL was prepared by diluting 199 µL of stock solution in

5 mL PBS. T-cells isolated from the spleen were incubated with 320 µg/mL DiR. After 30 min incubation, cells were s

pun down for 3 min at 1000 rpm at 4 °C resulting in

a blue pellet. Cells were washed twice in PBS and injected intravenously (5

x 106 cells/mouse). Control group was injected with 5

x 106 cells/mouse in PBS. Mice were imaged with IVIS Spectrum at 10 min, 1hr, 6hr and 24 hrs post injection. Ideal f ilter set

for DiR imaging is 710 nm excitation and 760 nm emission. Mice were imaged dorsally as well as ventrally at all time points. Brain, bones, spleen, liver, lungs and kidneys were harvested for ex vivo imaging 24 hrs post injection.

HYCEZMBIO®

Non-invasive in vivo imaging showed the homing process of injected

T cells to the liver and spleen in real time, which was confirmed by ex vivo imaging.

注意事项:本公司所有产品仅限用于研发,操作时必须戴口罩/手套/实验服和其它生化实验

室防护措施。

Name	DiR 碘化物		
CAT#	HY22070-25mg	CAS#	100068-60-8
Storage#	-20°C desiccated and Minimize light exposure	Shelf Life#	12 months
Ex(nm)#	748	Em(nm)#	780
MW#	1013.39	Solvent#	DMSO